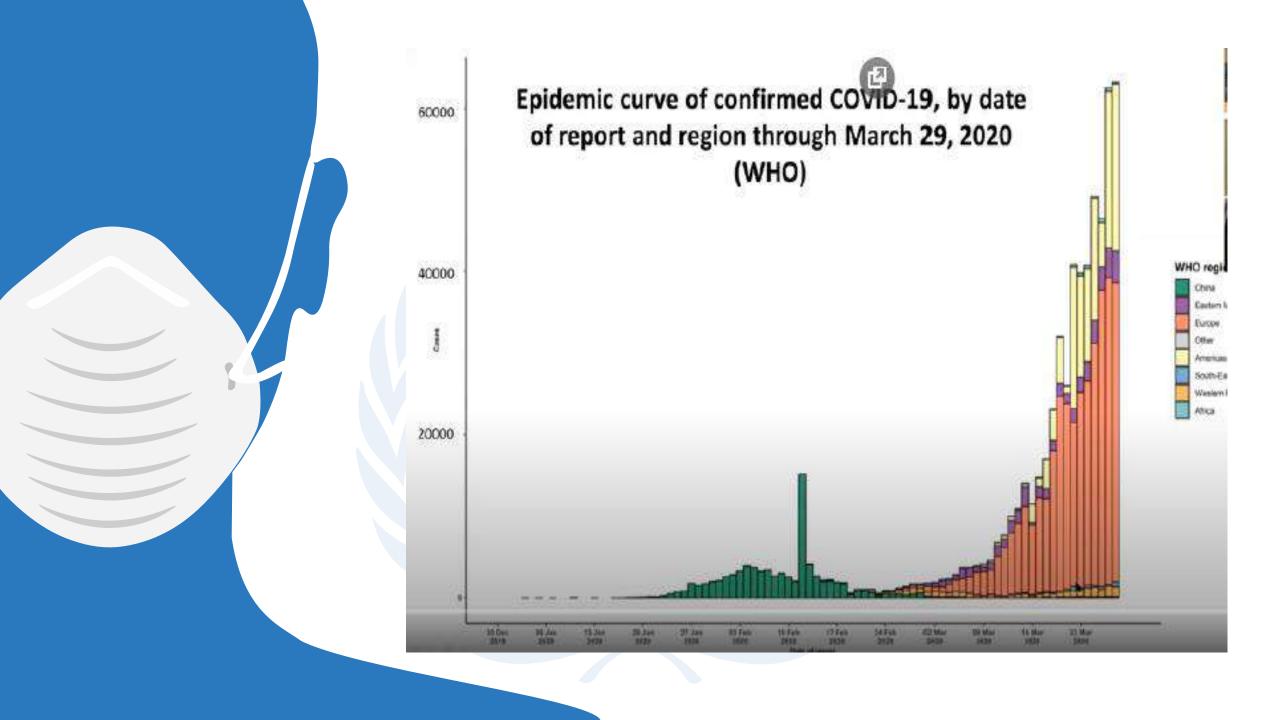


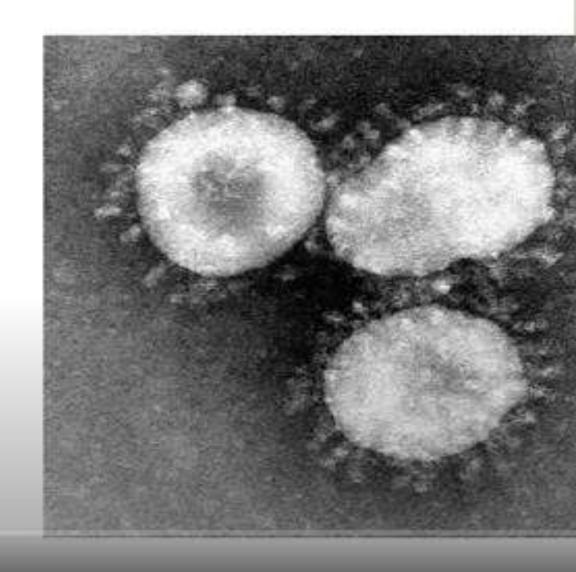
#### Countries, areas or territories with COVID-19 cases reported in the last 7 days, as of 29 March 2020, 10:00 (CET) Cases reported in the last 7 days 1-100 101-1000 1001-10000 10001 - 50000 [1] All references to Econes in this clocument should be understood. to be in the context of the United Hotions Security Council >50000 resolution 1244 (1999). Number of cases of Serbio and Kasevo (LNGC# 1244, 1999) Country, oneo or territory without cases in the fast 7 d have been ingo eganed for visualization purposes. Country, oneo or territory without coses.





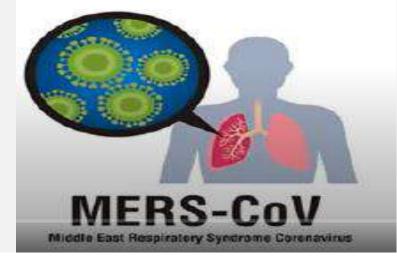


SARS (Severe acute respiratory syndrome) is an atypical pneumonia caused by virus SARS-CoV. Appeared for the first time in Guangdong province, caused from November 2002 to July 2003, 8096 cases and 774 deaths. Since 2004 no further cases have been described. Bats and small mamalians were involved.



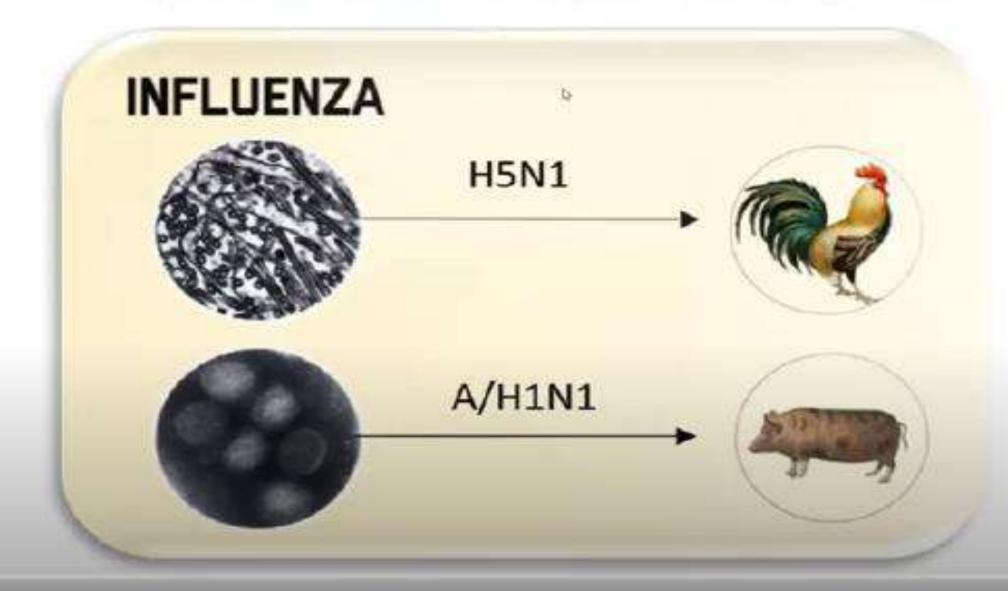
#### MERS Monthly Summary, November 2019

At the end of November 2019, a total of 2494 laboratory-confirmed cases of Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS), including 858 associated deaths (case-fatality rate: 34.4%) were reported globally, the majority of these cases were reported from Saudi Arabia (2102 cases, including 780 related deaths with a case-fatality rate of 37.1%).

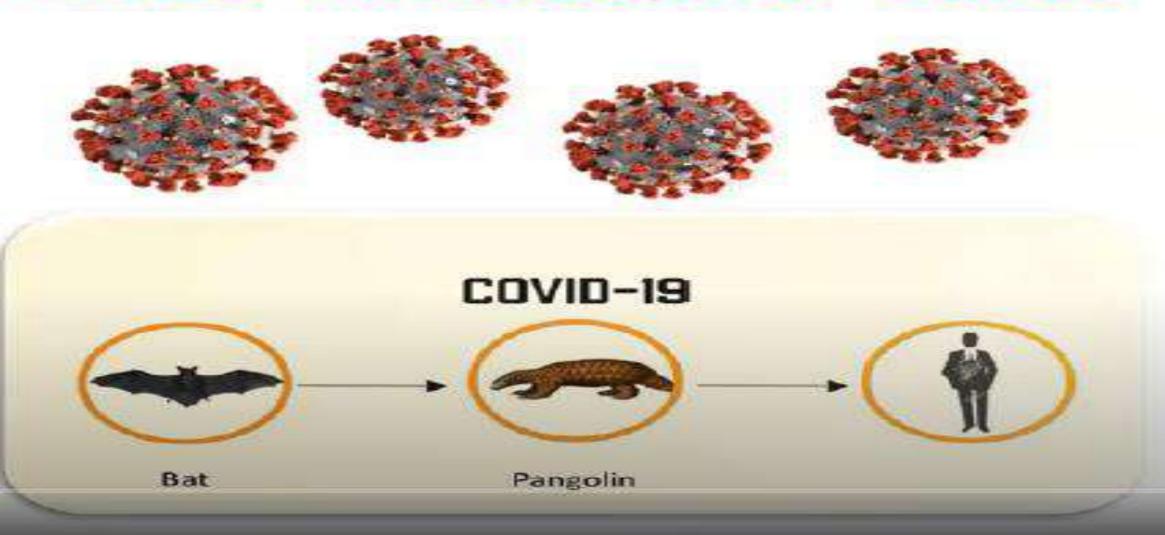


Coronavirus (MERS-CoV) identified in 2012 for the first time in Saudi Arabia includes different clinical pictures: from aymptomatic to ARDS and multiple organ failure. Camels are considered the source of transmission. Droplets are the ikely mechanism.

## VIRUS THROUGH SPECIES



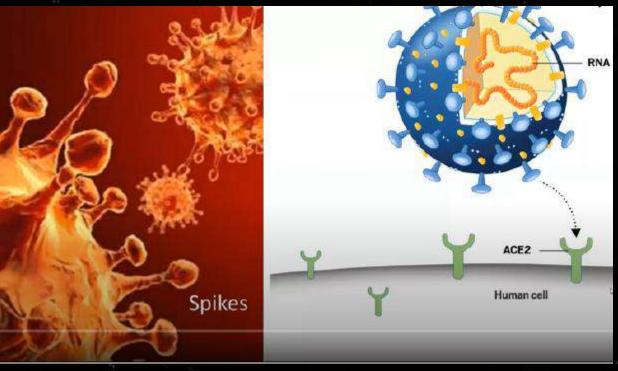
## VIRUS THROUGH SPECIES



#### COVID-19







## COVID-19 and the cardiovascular system

Ying-Ying Zheng@1.2, Yi-Tong Ma@355, Jin-Ying Zhang@1.255 and Xiang Xie@555

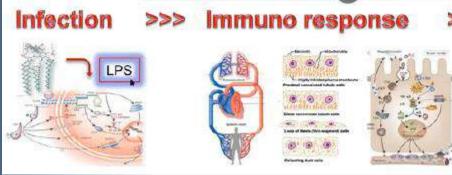
Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) infects host cells through ACE2 receptors, leading to coronavirus disease (COVID-19)-related pneumonia, while also causing acute myocardial injury and chronic damage to the cardiovascular system. Therefore, particular attention should be given to cardiovascular protection during treatment for COVID-19.

#### Conclusions

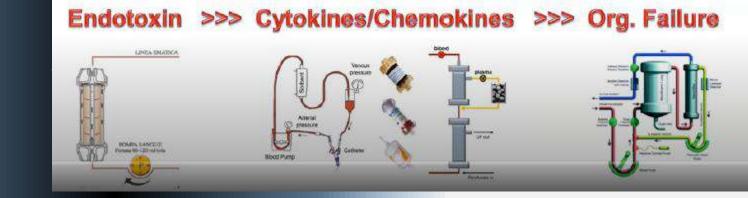
SARS-CoV-2 is thought to infect host cells through ACE2 to cause COVID-19, while also causing damage to the myocardium, although the specific mechanisms are uncertain. Patients with underlying CVD and SARS-CoV-2 infection have an adverse prognosis. Therefore, particular attention should be given to cardiovascular protection during treatment for COVID-19.

### Neuro-hormons Brain perfusion Lung-kidney Lung-kidney reteraction Systemic circulation syndrome

## COVID-19 PANDEMIC CORONAVIRUS









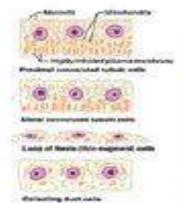
- Cytokine Storm is a severe complication of Coronavirus.
- Early Lung involvement with cough, High Fever, High Ferritin, ESR, CRP, LDH, TNF, IL-1β, IL-6 and IL-17 may all be indications of an impending Cytokine Storm.
- \*Early treatment with anti-IL-6 drugs may prevent severe complications and death in patients with Cytokine Storm.
- Acute phase reactants specifically Ferritin as well as LDH are readily available tests that may allow early recognition.

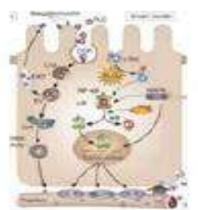


### Immuno response

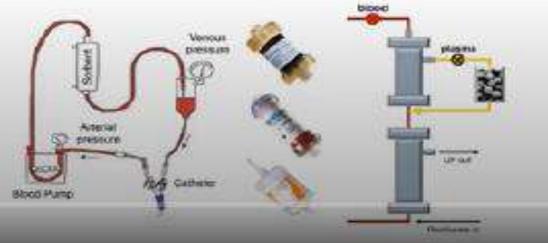






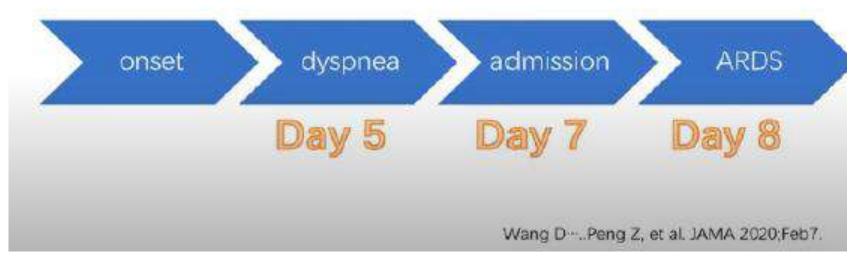


#### Cytokines/Chemokines

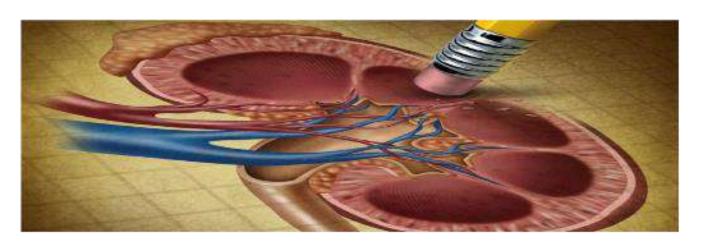


#### Clinical Process

 The time from onset to dyspnea was 5.0 days, 7.0 days to hospital admission, and 8.0 days to ARDS.



Η Χρόνια Νεφρική Νόσος (ΧΝΝ) είναι μια κατάσταση που χαρακτηρίζεται από προοδευτική απώλεια της νεφρικής λειτουργίας με την πάροδο του χρόνου.



## TI EINAI Η ΧΡΟΝΙΑ ΝΕΦΡΙΚΗ ΝΟΣΟΣ (XNN);

#### Ποια είναι τα συμπτώματα της ΧΝΝ;

Ο καθένας μπορεί να έχει χρόνια νεφρική νόσο σε οποιαδήποτε ηλικία. Ωστόσο, μερικοί άνθρωποι είναι πιο πιθανό από άλλους να αναπτύξουν νεφρική νόσο. Μπορείτε μπορεί να έχουν αυξημένο κίνδυνο για νεφρική νόσο, αν:

- Πάσχουν από διαβήτη
- Έχουν υψηλή αρτηριακή πίεση
- Έχουν οικογενειακό ιστορικό της χρόνιας νεφρικής νόσου
- Είναι μεγάλα σε ηλικία
- Ανήκουν σε μια ομάδα πληθυσμού υψηλού κινδύνου





Η ΧΝΝ περιγράφει μία κλινική οντότητα που προκαλεί βλάβη στα νεφρά και επηρεάζει την γενικότερη κατάσταση του οργανισμού.

Εάν η ασθένεια των νεφρών επιδεινώνεται, τα απόβλητα συγκεντρώνονται σε υψηλά επίπεδα στο αίμα και κάνουν το άτομο να αισθάνεται άρρωστο προκαλώντας επιπλοκές, όπως υψηλή αρτηριακή πίεση, αναιμία (χαμηλός αριθμός ερυθρών αιμοσφαιρίων), αδύναμα οστά, κακή διατροφική υγεία και νευρική βλάβη.

Επίσης, η νεφρική νόσος αυξάνει τον κίνδυνο καρδιαγγειακής νόσου.

Αυτά τα προβλήματα μπορούν να παρουσιάζονται βραδέως και επί μακρό χρονικό διάστημα.

Η έγκαιρη διάγνωση και θεραπεία μπορεί να κρατήσει συχνά τη XNN σταθερή για μεγάλο χρονικό διάστημα. Όταν η νεφρική νόσος εξελίσσεται, μπορεί τελικά να οδηγήσει σε νεφρική ανεπάρκεια τελικού σταδίου, η οποία απαιτεί θεραπεία υποκατάστασης (αιμοκάθαρση ή περιτοναική κάθαρση) ή μεταμόσχευση νεφρού.

#### ΑΙΜΟΚΑΘΑΡΣΗ

Η αιμοκάθαρση (ΑΜΚ) με τεχνητό νεφρό γίνεται με τη βοήθεια ενός ειδικού φίλτρου, μέσω του οποίου γίνεται ο καθαρισμός του αίματος από τα συσσωρευθέντα άχρηστα προιόντα του μεταβολισμού. Τα άχρηστα αυτά προιόντα και οι τοξίνες διηθούνται μέσω μίας ημιδιαπερατής μεμβράνης, από το αίμα προς το διάλυμα της ΑΜΚ, με το



οποίο και απομακρύνονται.

## Kidney disease is associated with in-hospital death of patients with COVID-19



Patients Selection



Kidney disease



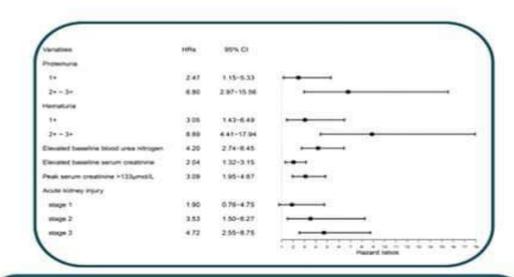


#### Association of kidney disease and in-hospital death

Confirmed COVID-19
Age > 18 y
No maintenance dialysis
No renal transplatation

N=701
Age 63y
52.4% male
42.4% severe
42.6% comorbidity
16.1% in-hospital death

	Prevalence of kidney abnormalities		
14.4%	Elevated Scr		
13.1%	Elevated BUN		
13.1%	eGFR<60 ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>		
43.9%	Proteinuria		
26.7%	Hematuria		
5.1%	Acute kidney injury		



#### CONCLUSION:

Clinicians should increase their awareness of kidney disease in patients with COVID-19.



· CRRT machine stays in the isolation area

· Prescription compatible with pronation

#### Covid-19 prevention strategy for hemodialysis units in Vicenza

 All patients wear surgical masks during access to the center, triage and treatment (preventive) General measures Patients coming on cumulative transport, are located in the same area within the center (arrival scheduled at 10 mins interval) Personnel of the dialysis unit wear IPD (mask and shield) and are assigned to specific areas (tracing) Triage negative = Absence of criteria (consider single Proceed to Presence of symptoms (fever, cough, dyspnea) symptom as related to other causes e.g. catheter) Upon arrival, triage outside unit regular treatment Contact with suspected positive individuals (questions) Temperature check Triage positive = Symptomatic (at least 2 symptoms) Protocol #2 or asymptomatic but contact with suspected positive ind Prot #2: Suspicion **Prot #3: Suspicion** Prot #1: Suspicion Covid-19 in hospitalized Covid-19 at home Covid-19 on arrival Do not allow patient to move to ward Alert swab team Non dialysis day Dialysis day Separate from other patients Symptomatic Asymptomatic Separate patient from others (contact with pos) Stay at home Send patient to ER for triage Activate Treat patient as a suspected positive Call G.P. (Swab - PCR - CT - Electrol.) protocol #2 Swab test until swab response (swab test) Immediate need No immediate of dialysis need of dialysis Swab result Next day Dialyze in center Swab result Pos Neg (physical barrier Patients suspected positive for Covid-19 requiring or specific emergency dialysis outside any of the listed protocols Neg Covid-19 Regular Covid-19 section) should be dialyzed separately in the special Covid-19 dialysis section of the dialysis unit or in a special room of the area nephrology ward, according to local logistics Regular dialysis ICU **Ambulatory** Hospitalization Patient isolated in Covid-19 area ICU Covid-19 isolation area CRRT/HP Separate transportation from and to home · Isolation at home from family members Intermitted dialysis at bedside (Covid-19 area) Catheter insertion (patient mobilization)

Dialysis machine stays in Covid-19 area

· Dialysis nurse present throughout HD treatment

· Access to treatment via Covid-19 pathway

Dialysis in center (specific Covid-19 section)

#### COVID-19





### What lessons can we learn from the Milan experience on coronavirus management in dialysis centers?

#### General hygienic measures



Have alcohol dispensers available for use in waiting rooms



Patients should wash their hands thoroughly before starting dialysis

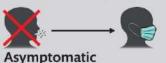


Healthcare staff assisting in dialysis rooms should wear surgical masks



Healthcare staff should regularly wash their hands with soap and water

#### Dialysis patients in contact with confirmed cases



Wear a surgical mask for the duration of time in the dialysis unit



Be assessed in the emergency department; dialyse in isolation, treat as if a carrier for SARS-CoV-2



Dialyse in isolation. Staff in contact wear a disposable gown, glasses/visor, FFP3 mask, overshoes and double gloves

**Conclusion:** Specific prophylactic measures can be adopted to help reduce the spread of coronavirus in dialysis units. There should be specific pathways for patients who have been in contact with confirmed cases of coronavirus.

Cozzolino, M. Clinical Kidney Journal (2020) @CKJsocial

#### Please Use Hand Sanitizer





## COVID-19 rapid guideline: dialysis service delivery

NICE guideline

Published: 20 March 2020

www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng160





#### **Handbook of COVID-19 Prevention** and Treatment

The First Affiliated Hospital, Zhejiang University School of Medicine Compiled According to Clinical Experience













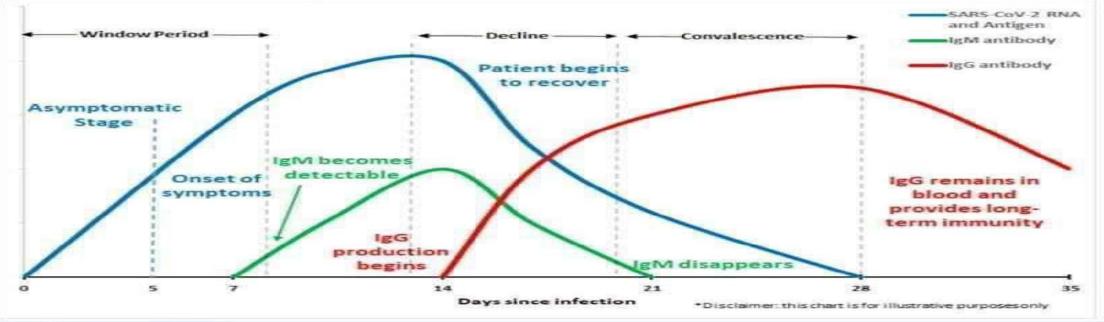


## PANDEMIC

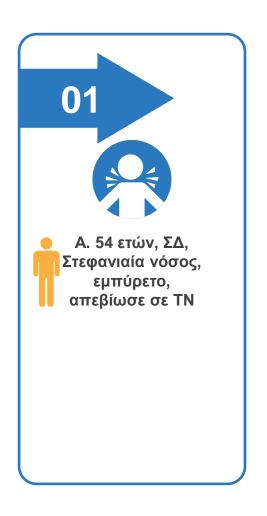
COVID-19



Therefore, this COVID-19 Rapid Test should not be used until symptoms have been present for at least 3 days.



Test results		Its	Clinical Similiforms
PCR	IgM	IgG	Clinical Significance
+		-	Patient may be in the window period of infection.
+	+	-	Patient may be in the early stage of infection.
+	4.	+	Patient is in the active phase of infection.
+	-	+	Patient may be in the late or recurrent stage of infection.
-	+	-	Patient may be in the early stage of infection. PCR result may be false-negative.
-	-	+	Patient may have had a past infection, and has recovered.
-	+	+	Patient may be in the recovery stage of an infection, or the PCR result may be false-negative.











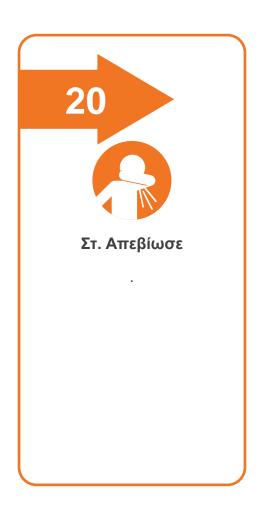
















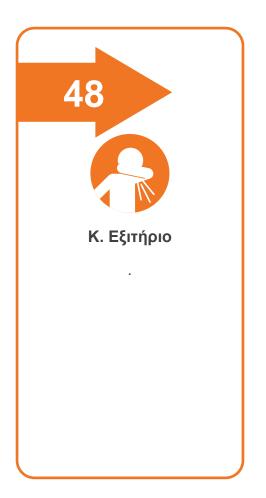






















# COVID-19 PANDEMIC CORONAVIRUS







# COVID-19 PANDEMIC CORONAVIRUS





